
Capacitorless/ Low Voltage 200mA LDO REGULATOR

NO.EA-181-090417

OUTLINE

The RP107x Series are CMOS-based voltage regulator ICs with low input voltage acceptable (V_{in} minimum=1.4V), extremely low supply current (Typ. 9.5 μ A), the output capacitor free and the noise bypass capacitor free. Since the packages for these ICs are DFN (PLP)1212-6, WLCSP-4-P5, SOT23-5 and SC-88A, therefore extremely high density mounting of the ICs on boards is possible.

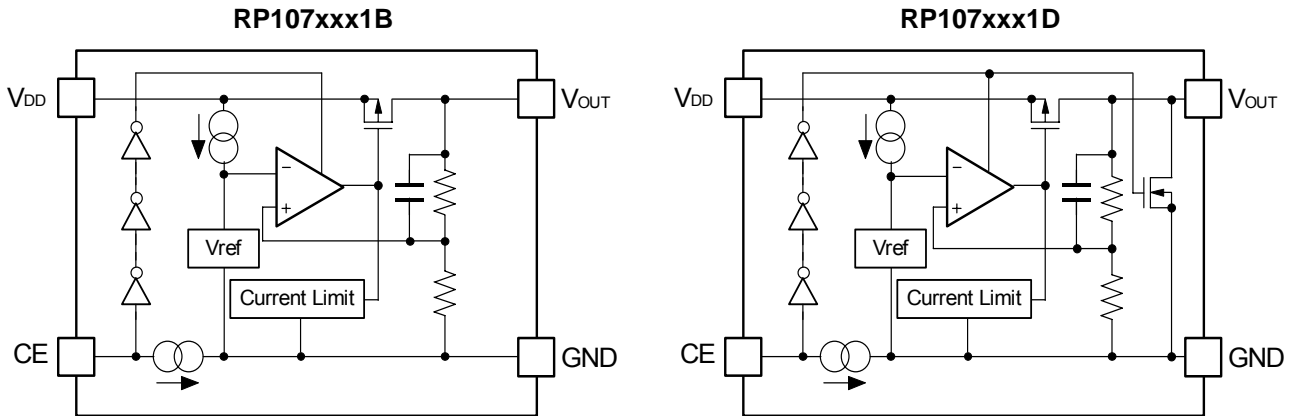
FEATURES

- Supply Current Typ. 9.5 μ A ($I_{OUT}=0$ mA)
- Standby Mode Typ. 0.1 μ A
- Low Dropout Voltage Typ. 0.27V ($I_{OUT}=200$ mA, $V_{OUT}=3.0$ V)
- Ripple Rejection Typ. 70dB ($f=1$ kHz, $V_{OUT}\leq 1.2$ V)
..... Typ. 65dB ($f=1$ kHz, 1.2 V $<V_{OUT}< 2.2$ V)
..... Typ. 60dB ($f=1$ kHz, $V_{OUT}\geq 2.2$ V)
- Line Regulation Typ. 0.02%/V
- Output Voltage Accuracy $\pm 1.0\%$
- Packages DFN (PLP)1212-6, SOT-23-5, WLCSP-4-P5, SC-88A)
- Output Voltage from 1.0V to 4.2V, 0.1V stepwise setting
- Built-in Fold Back Protection Circuit Typ. 50mA (Current at short mode)
- Input Voltage Range from 1.4V to 5.25V

APPLICATIONS

- Power source for portable communication equipment.
- Power source for electrical appliances such as cameras, VCRs and camcorders.
- Power source for battery-powered equipment.

BLOCK DIAGRAMS



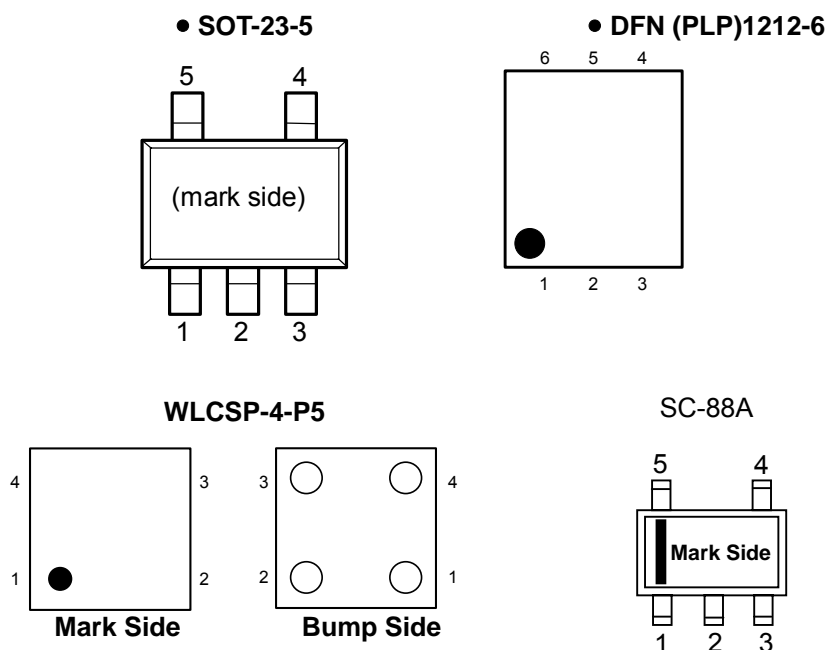
SELECTION GUIDE

The output voltage, option, package, and the taping type for the ICs can be selected at the user's request. The selection can be made with designating the part number as shown below;

RP107xxxxx-xx-x ←Part Number
 ↑↑↑↑↑↑
 a b a' c d e

Code	Contents
a,a'	Designation of Package Type: a=K, a'=1: DFN(PLP)1212-6 a=N, a'=1: SOT-23-5 a=Z, a'=1: WLCSP-4-P5 a=Q, a'=2: SC-88A
b	Setting Output Voltage (V_{OUT}): 0.1V stepwise setting in the range from 1.0V to 4.2V
c	Designation of Mask Option B: active high, without auto discharge function at OFF state. D: active high, with auto discharge function at OFF state.
d	Designation of Taping Type: Ex. TR (refer to Taping Specifications; TR type is the standard direction.)
e	Designation of composition of pin plating: -F: Lead free plating (SOT-23-5, SC-88A, WLCSP-4-P5) None: Au plating (DFN (PLP)1212-6)

PIN CONFIGURATIONS




PIN DESCRIPTION

• SOT-23-5

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	V _{DD}	Input Pin
2	GND	Ground Pin
3	CE	Chip Enable Pin ("H" Active)
4	NC	No Connection
5	V _{OUT}	Output Pin

• DFN(PLP)1212-6

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	NC	No Connection
2	GND	Ground Pin
3	CE	Chip Enable Pin ("H" Active)
4	V _{DD}	Input Pin
5	NC	No Connection
6	V _{OUT}	Output Pin

* Tab in the  parts have GND level.
 (They are connected to the reverse side of this IC.)
 Do not connect to other wires or land patterns.

• SC-88A

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	CE	Chip Enable Pin ("H" Active)
2	NC	No Connection
3	GND	Ground Pin
4	V _{OUT}	Output Pin
5	V _{DD}	Input Pin

• WLCSP-4-P5

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	V _{DD}	Input Pin
2	CE	Chip Enable Pin ("H" Active)
3	GND	Ground Pin
4	V _{OUT}	Output Pin

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Item	Rating	Unit
V _{IN}	Input Voltage	6.0	V
V _{CE}	Input Voltage (CE Pin)	6.0	V
V _{OUT}	Output Voltage	-0.3 to V _{IN} +0.3	V
I _{OUT}	Output Current	400	mA
P _D	Power Dissipation (SOT-23-5) *Note1	420	mW
	Power Dissipation (DFN(PLP)1212-6) *Note1	400	
	Power Dissipation (WLCSP-4-P5) *Note1	278	
	Power Dissipation (SC-88A) *Note1	380	
T _{opt}	Operating Temperature Range	-40 to 85	°C
T _{stg}	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 125	°C

*Note1) For Power Dissipation please refer to PACKAGE INFORMATION to be described.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

• RP107xxx1B/D

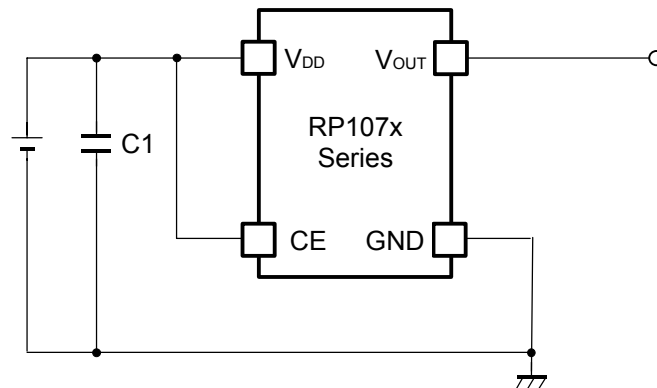
$V_{IN} = \text{Set } V_{OUT} + 1V$, $I_{OUT} = 1mA$, The value surrounded by \square , guaranteed by design under the all operating temperature range, $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_a \leq 85^{\circ}C$

$T_a = 25^{\circ}C$

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V_{OUT}	Output Voltage	$V_{IN} = \text{Set } V_{OUT} + 1V$	$\times 0.99$		$\times 1.01$	V
I_{OUT}	Output Current		$\square 200$			mA
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta I_{OUT}}$	Load Regulation	$1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 200mA$		25	$\square 50$	mV
V_{DIF}	Dropout Voltage	$I_{OUT} = 200mA$	$1.0V \leq V_{OUT} < 1.1V$	0.64	$\square 0.92$	V
			$1.1V \leq V_{OUT} < 1.2V$	0.59	$\square 0.84$	
			$1.2V \leq V_{OUT} < 1.5V$	0.55	$\square 0.76$	
			$1.5V \leq V_{OUT} < 2.0V$	0.44	$\square 0.60$	
			$2.0V \leq V_{OUT} < 2.6V$	0.35	$\square 0.49$	
			$2.6V \leq V_{OUT}$	0.27	$\square 0.36$	
I_{SS}	Supply Current	$I_{OUT} = 0mA$		9.5	$\square 25$	μA
$I_{standby}$	Supply Current (Standby)	$V_{CE} = 0V$		0.1	3.0	μA
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}}$	Line Regulation	$\text{Set } V_{OUT} + 0.5V \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.0V$		± 0.02	$\square \pm 0.20$	%/V
RR	Ripple Rejection	$f = 1kHz, \text{Ripple } 0.2Vp-p$ $V_{IN} = \text{Set } V_{OUT} + 1V, I_{OUT} = 30mA$ $V_{OUT} \leq 1.2V$ $1.2V < V_{OUT} \leq 2.2V$ $V_{OUT} \geq 2.2V$		70 65 60		dB
V_{IN}	Input Voltage*1		$\square 1.40$		$\square 5.25$	V
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_{opt}}$	Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$-40^{\circ}C \leq T_{opt} \leq 85^{\circ}C$		± 100		ppm/ $^{\circ}C$
I_{lim}	Short Current Limit	$V_{OUT} = 0V$		50		mA
I_{PD}	CE Pull-down Current			0.1		μA
V_{CEH}	CE Input Voltage "H"		$\square 1.0$			V
V_{CEL}	CE Input Voltage "L"				$\square 0.4$	V
R_{LOW}	Low Output Nch Tr. ON Resistance (of D version)	$V_{IN} = 4.0, V_{CE} = 0V$		30		Ω

*1) Max. Input Voltage is 5.5V during 500hours

TYPICAL APPLICATION



TECHNICAL NOTES

When using these ICs, consider the following points:

Phase Compensation

In these ICs, phase compensation is made for securing stable operation even if the load current is varied. If load variation is very large, it is better to attach the output capacitor in the range from $0.1\mu\text{F}$ to $10\mu\text{F}$. If the tantalum capacitor is selected and the ESR (Equivalent Series Resistance) is high, the output may be unstable.

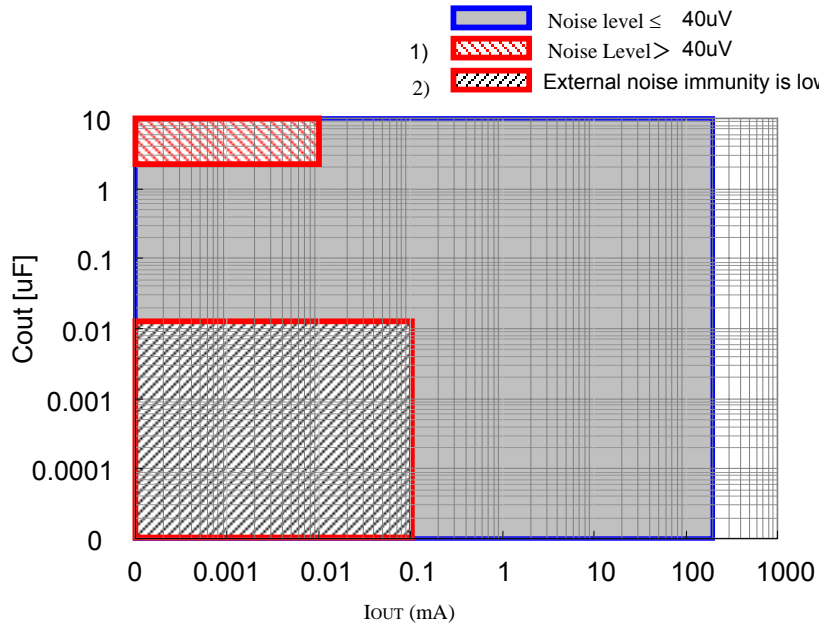
PCB Layout

Make V_{DD} and GND lines sufficient. If their impedance is high, noise pickup or unstable operation may result. Connect a capacitor C1 with a capacitance value as much as $0.1\mu\text{F}$ or more between V_{DD} and GND pin, and as close as possible to the pins.

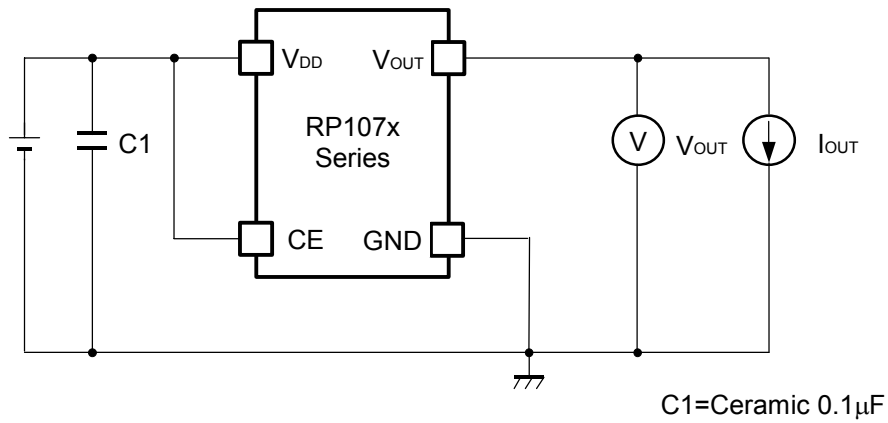
Notes: 1) If the output capacitor is set as equal or more than $2.2\mu\text{F}$, output current is 0.01mA or lower than 0.01mA , noise level might be equal or more than $40\mu\text{V}$. Considering frequency characteristics, fully evaluation is necessary.

2) If the output capacitor is set as equal or less than $0.01\mu\text{F}$, and the output current is 0.1mA or less, external noise caused by other circuits may affect on the device. Enforce the GND or fully countermeasure is necessary.

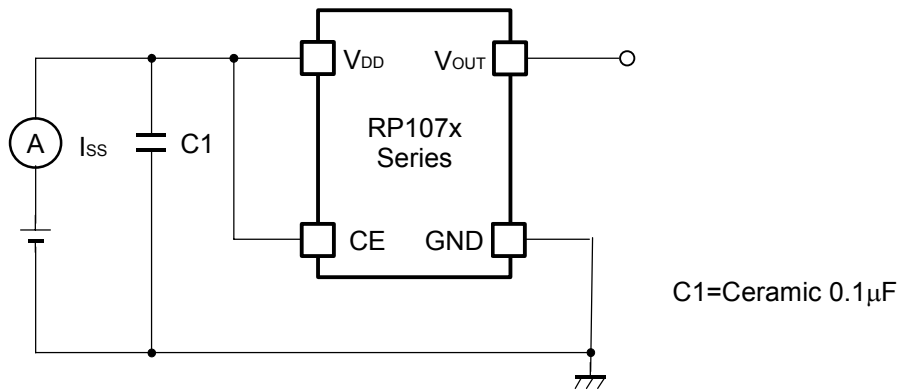
Please refer to the characteristics graph: external capacitor vs. output voltage.



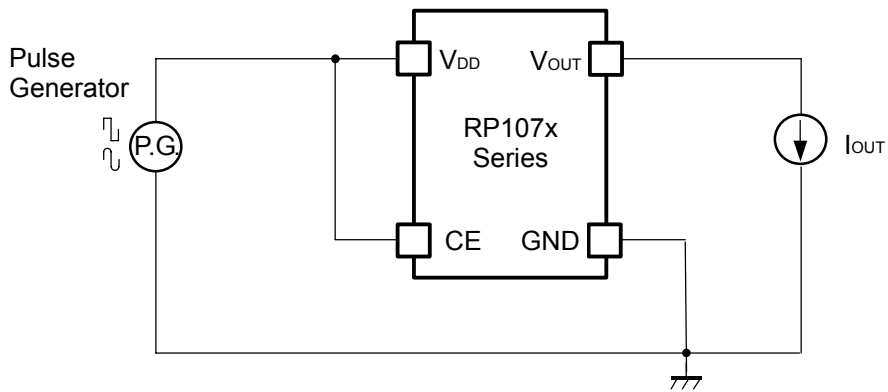
TEST CIRCUITS



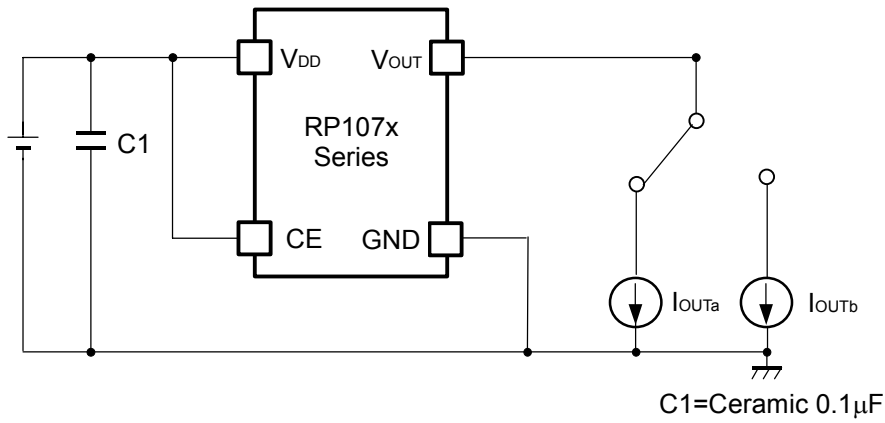
Basic Test Circuit



Test Circuit for Supply Current



Test Circuit for Ripple Rejection

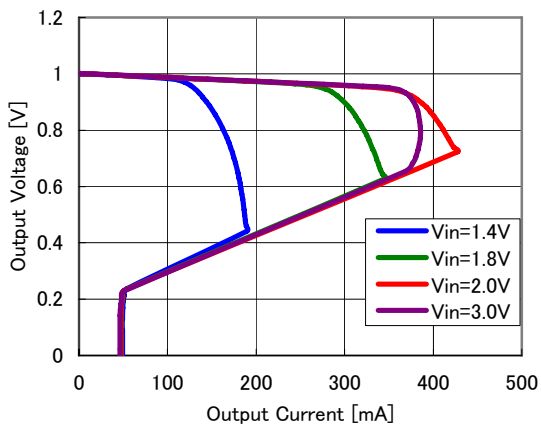


Test Circuit for Load Transient Response

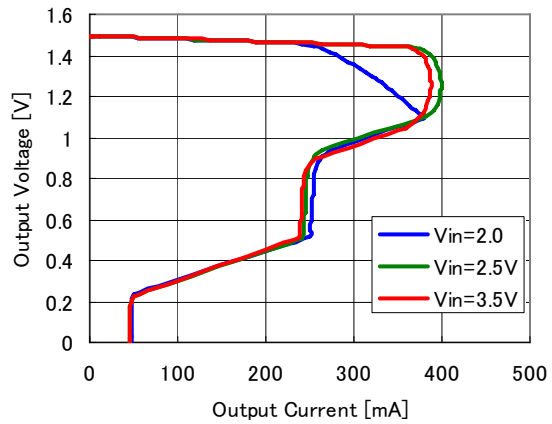
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTIC

1) Output Voltage vs. Output Current (C_{IN}=0.1μF, T_{opt}=25°C)

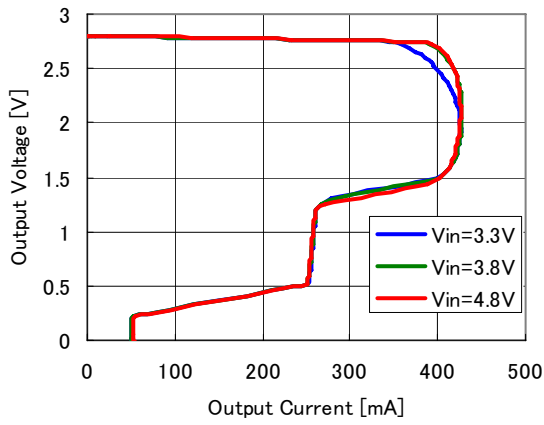
RP107x101x



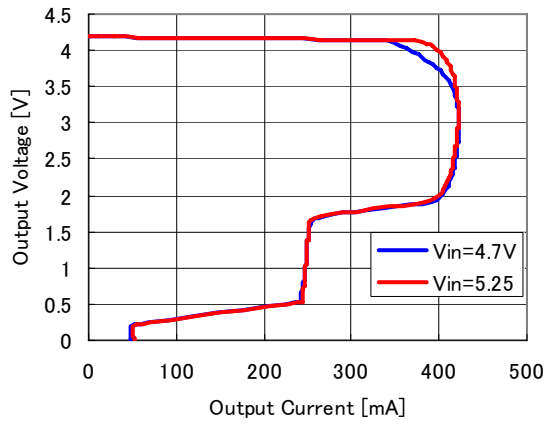
RP107x151x



RP107x281x

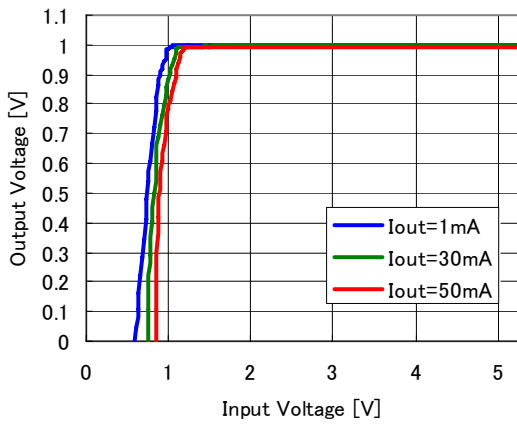


RP107x421x

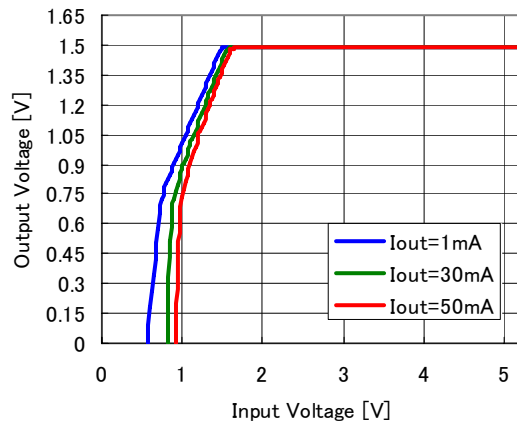


2) Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage (Cin=0.1uF, Ta=25°C)

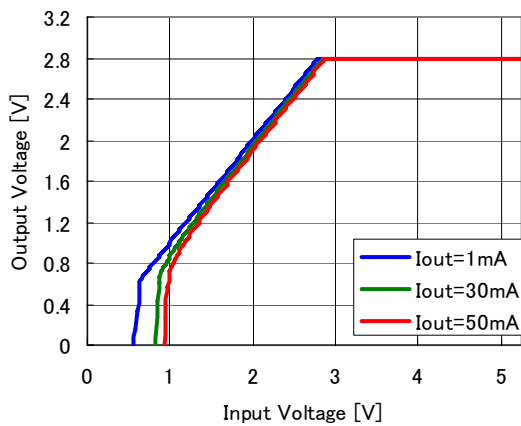
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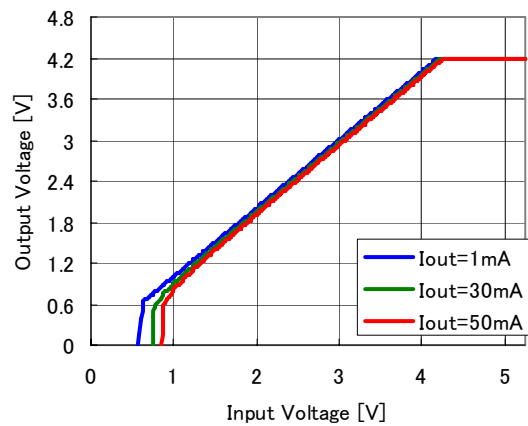
RP107x151x



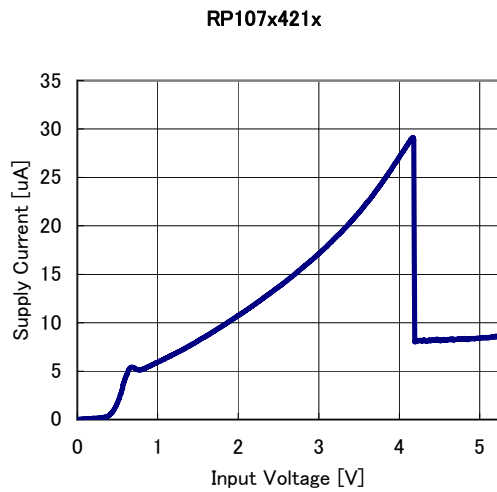
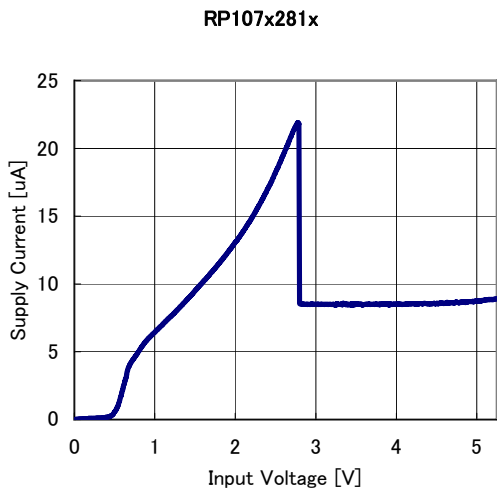
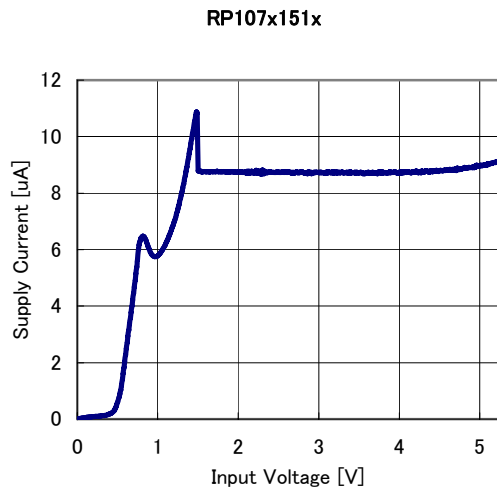
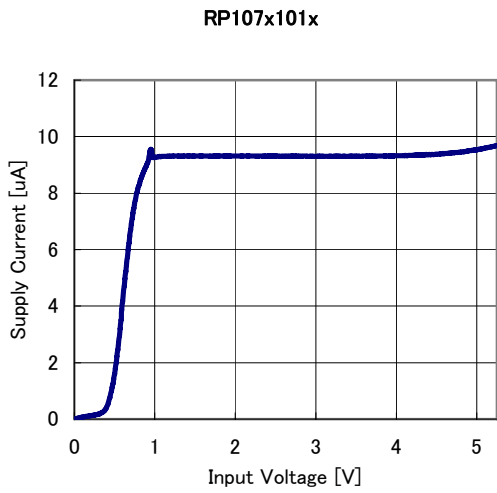
RP107x151x



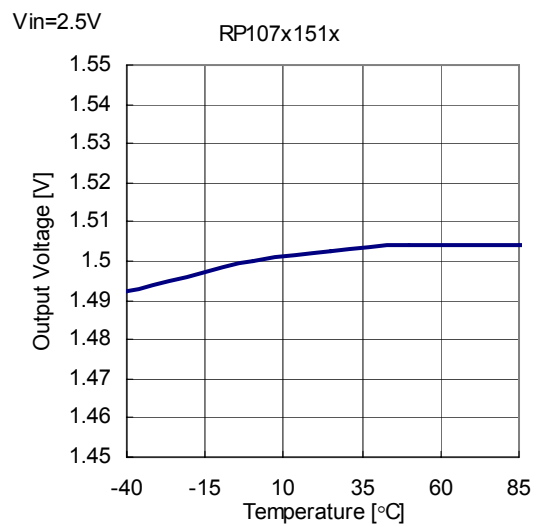
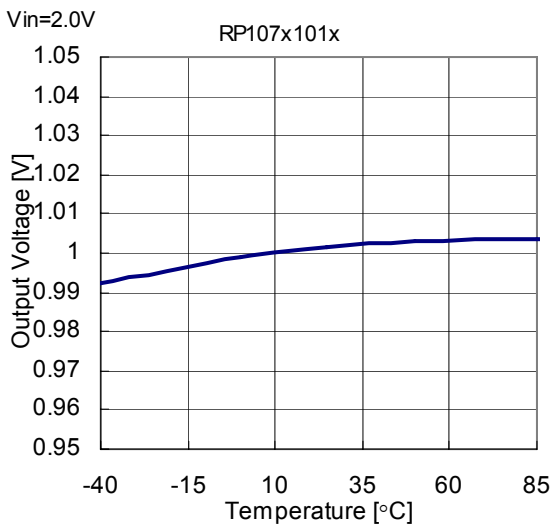
RP107x451x

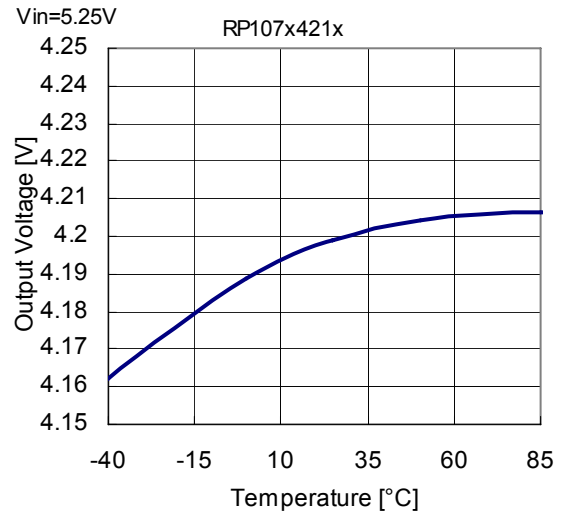
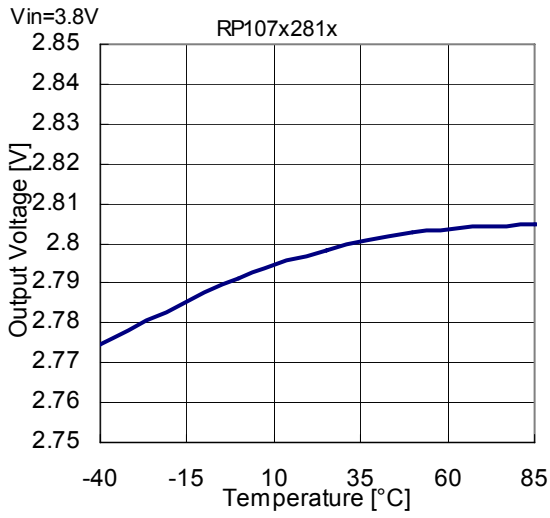


3) Supply Current vs. Input Voltage($C_{in}=0.1\mu F$, $T_a=25^\circ C$)

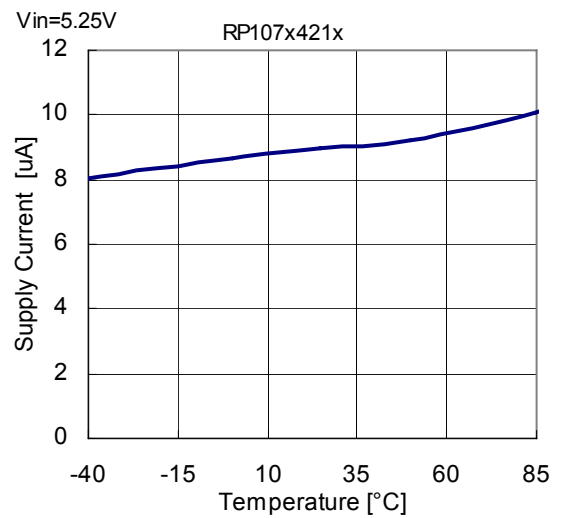
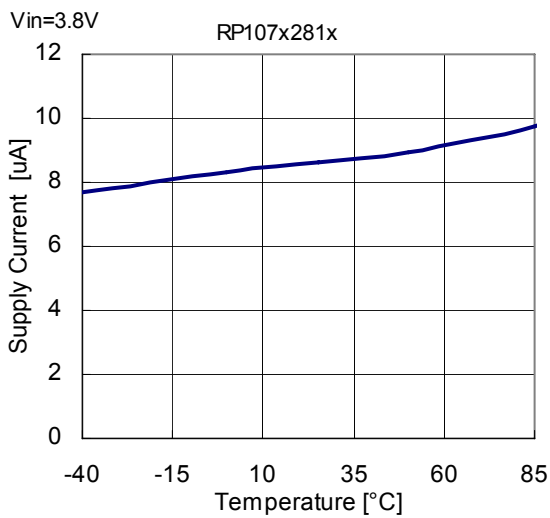
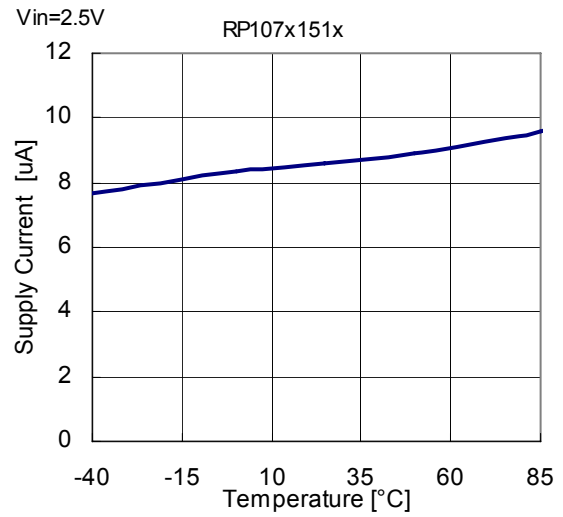
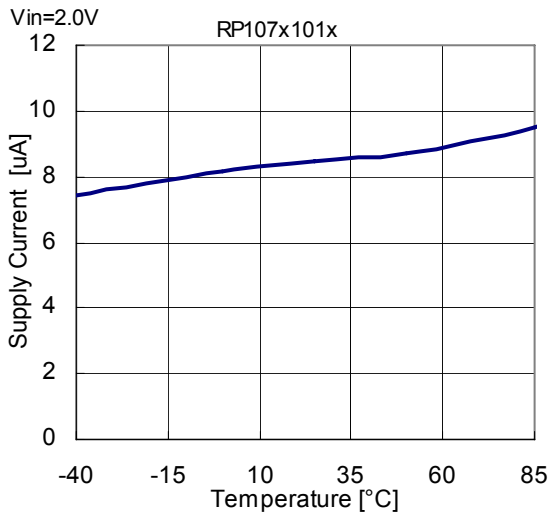


4) Output Voltage vs. Temperature ($C_{in}=0.1\mu F$, $I_{out}=1mA$)



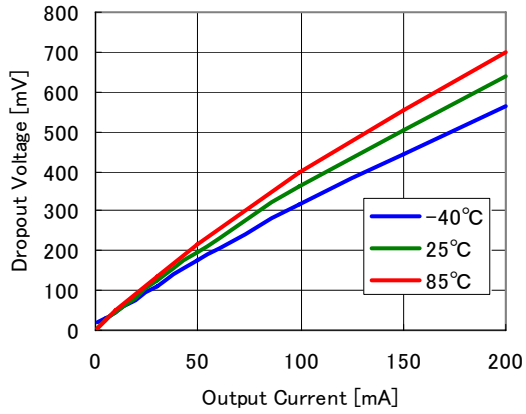


5) Supply Current vs. Temperature (Cin=0.1uF, Iout=0mA)

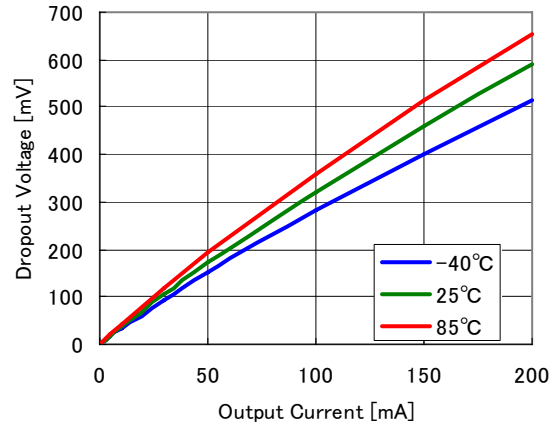


6) Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current (Cin=0.1uF)

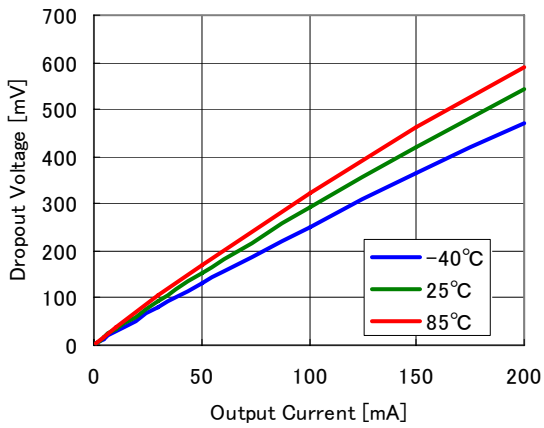
RP107x101x



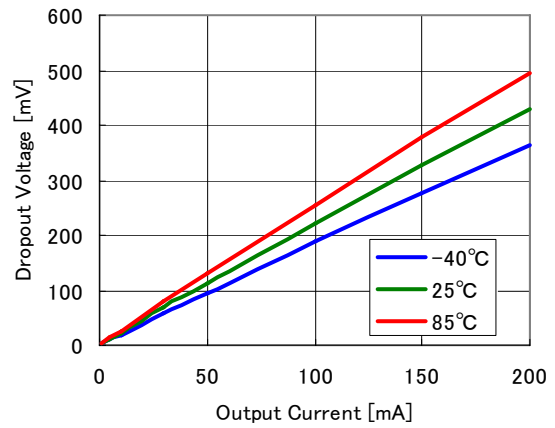
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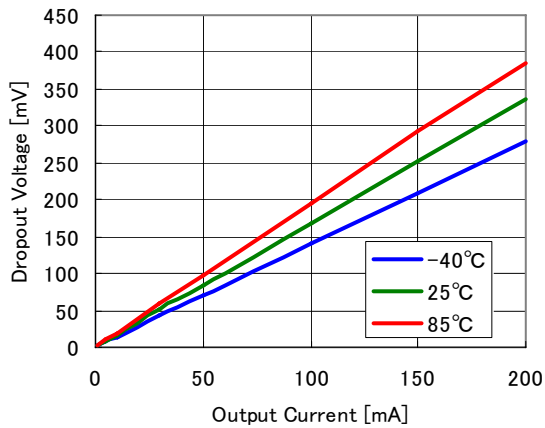
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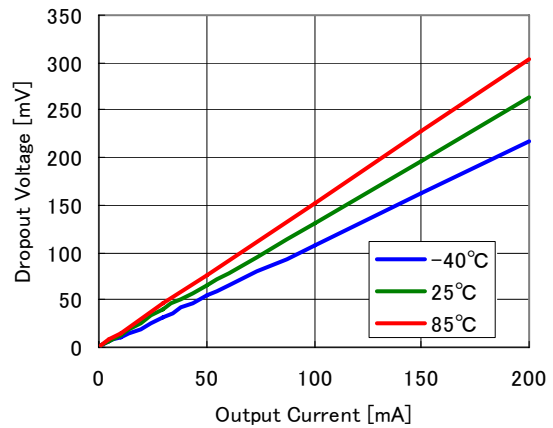
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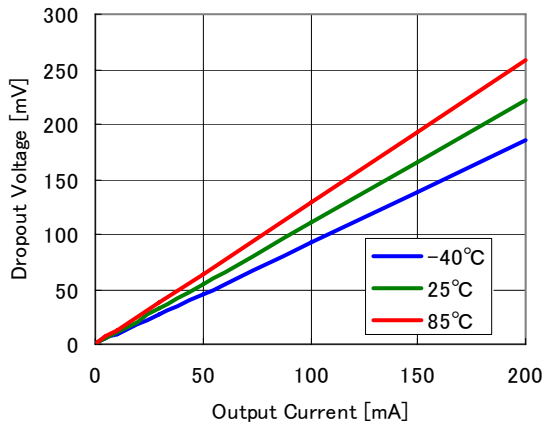
RP107x201x



RP107x301x



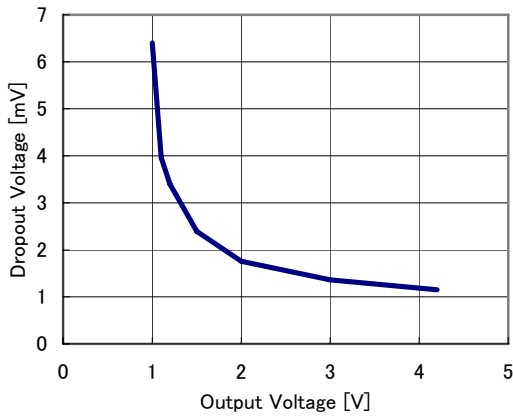
RP107x421x



7) Dropout Voltage vs. Output Voltage (Cin=0.1uF)

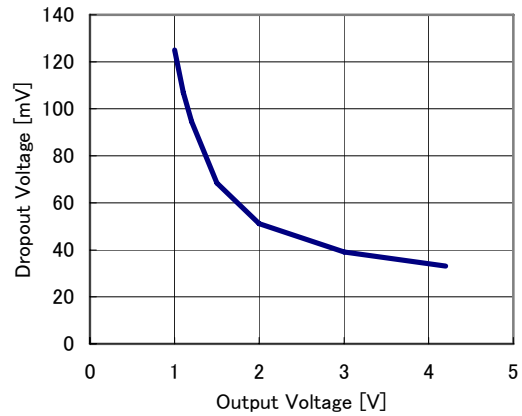
Iout=1mA

RP107xxx1x



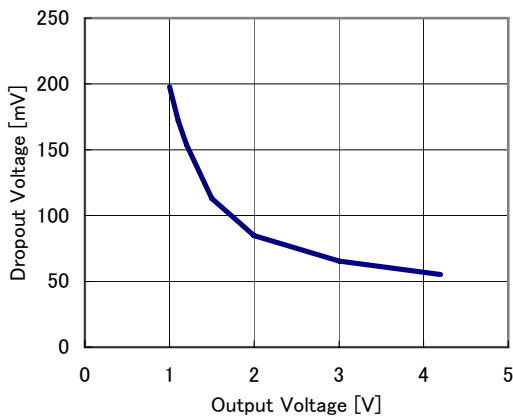
Iout=30mA

RP107xxx1x



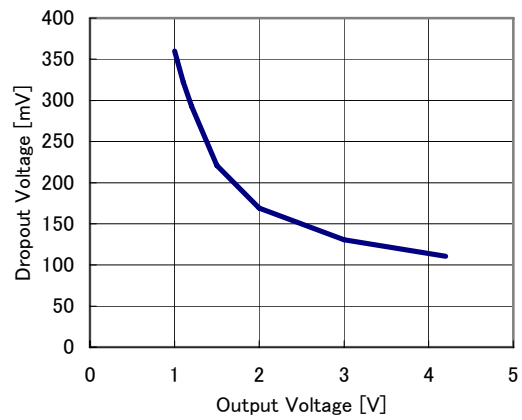
Iout=50mA

RP107xxx1x



Iout=100mA

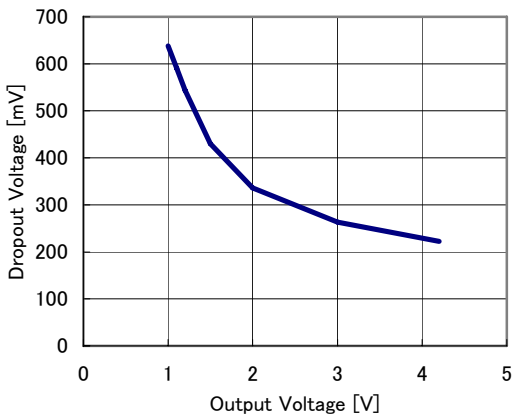
RP107xxx1x



RP107x

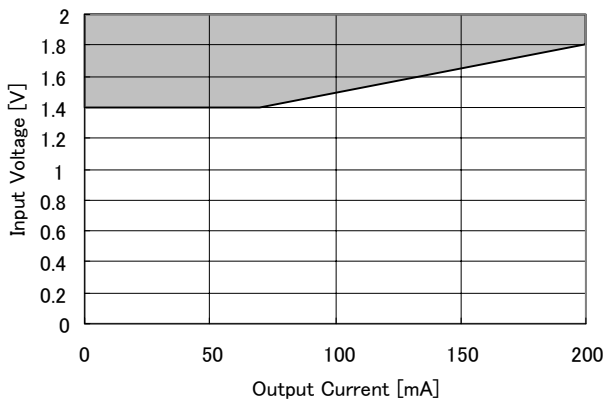
$I_{out}=200mA$

RP107xxx1x



8) Minimum Operating Voltage (Cin=0.1uF)

RP107x101x



9) Ripple Rejection vs Frequency (Cin=none, Ta=25°C)

$V_{in}=2.0V+0.2V_{p-p}$

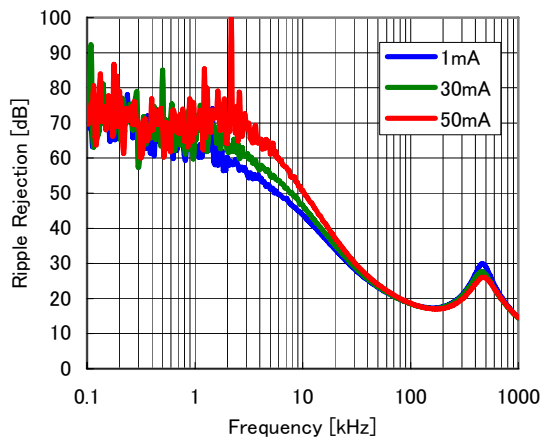
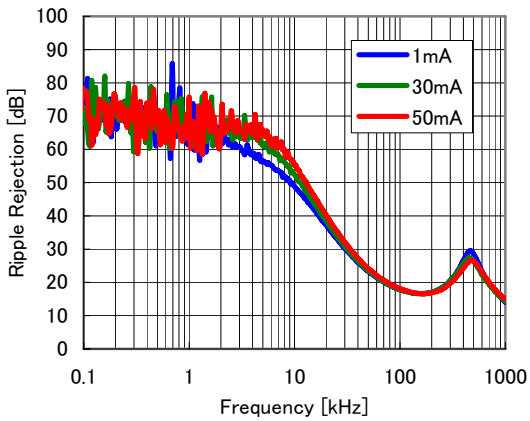
RP107x101x

$C_{out}=none$

$V_{in}=2.5V+0.2V_{p-p}$

RP107x151x

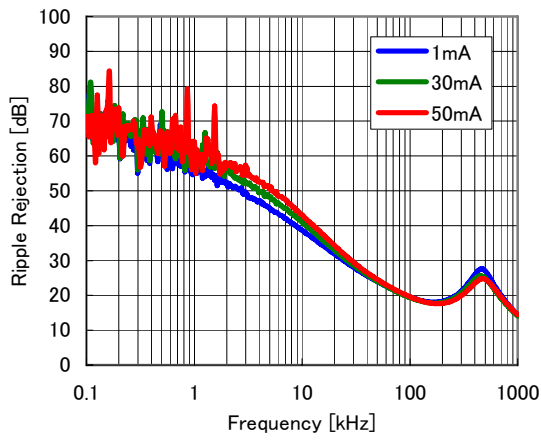
$C_{out}=none$



Vin=3.8V+0.2Vp-p

RP107x281x

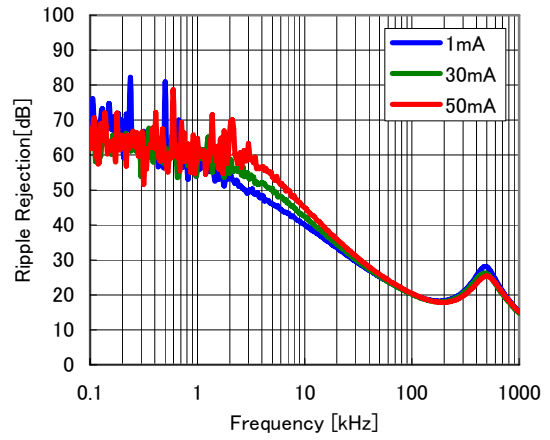
Cout=none



Vin=5.2V+0.2Vp-p

RP107x421x

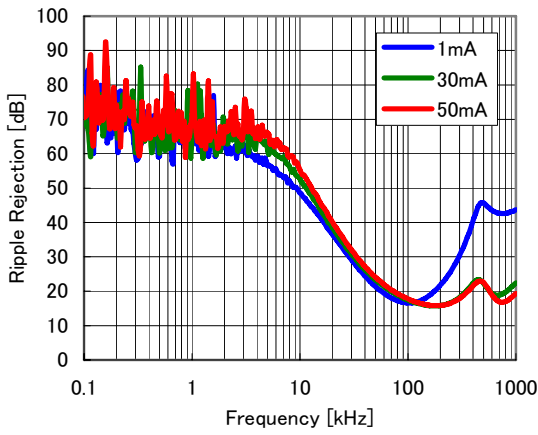
Cout=none



Vin=2.0V+0.2Vp-p

R107x101x

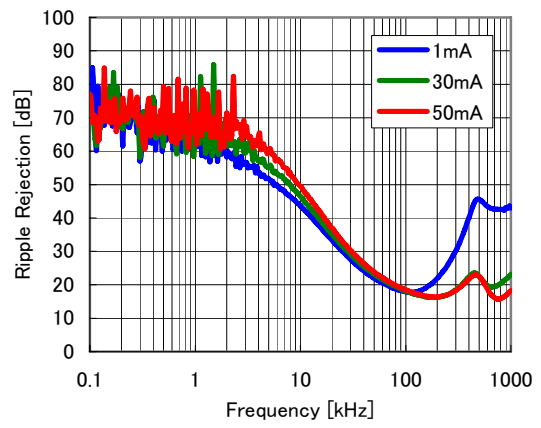
Cout=0.1uF



Vin=2.5V+0.2Vp-p

RP107x151x

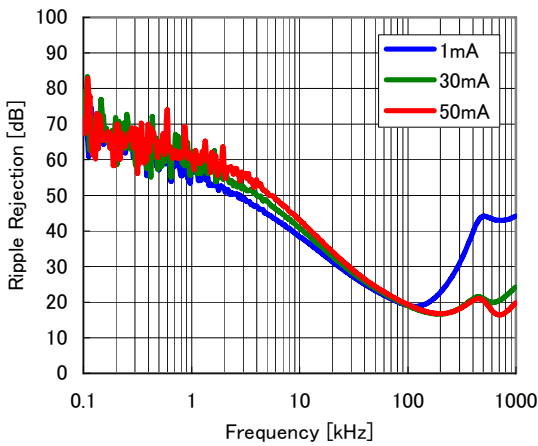
Cout=0.1uF



Vin=3.8V+0.2Vp-p

RP107x281x

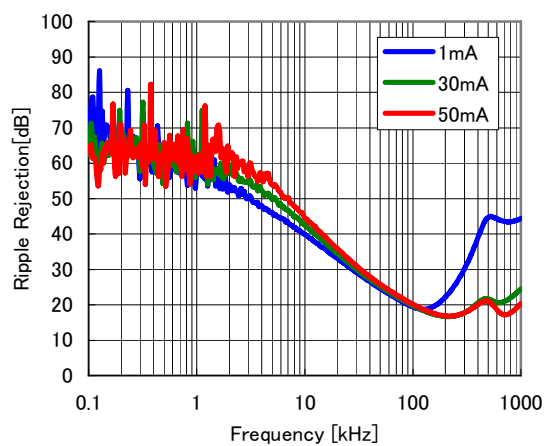
Cout=0.1uF



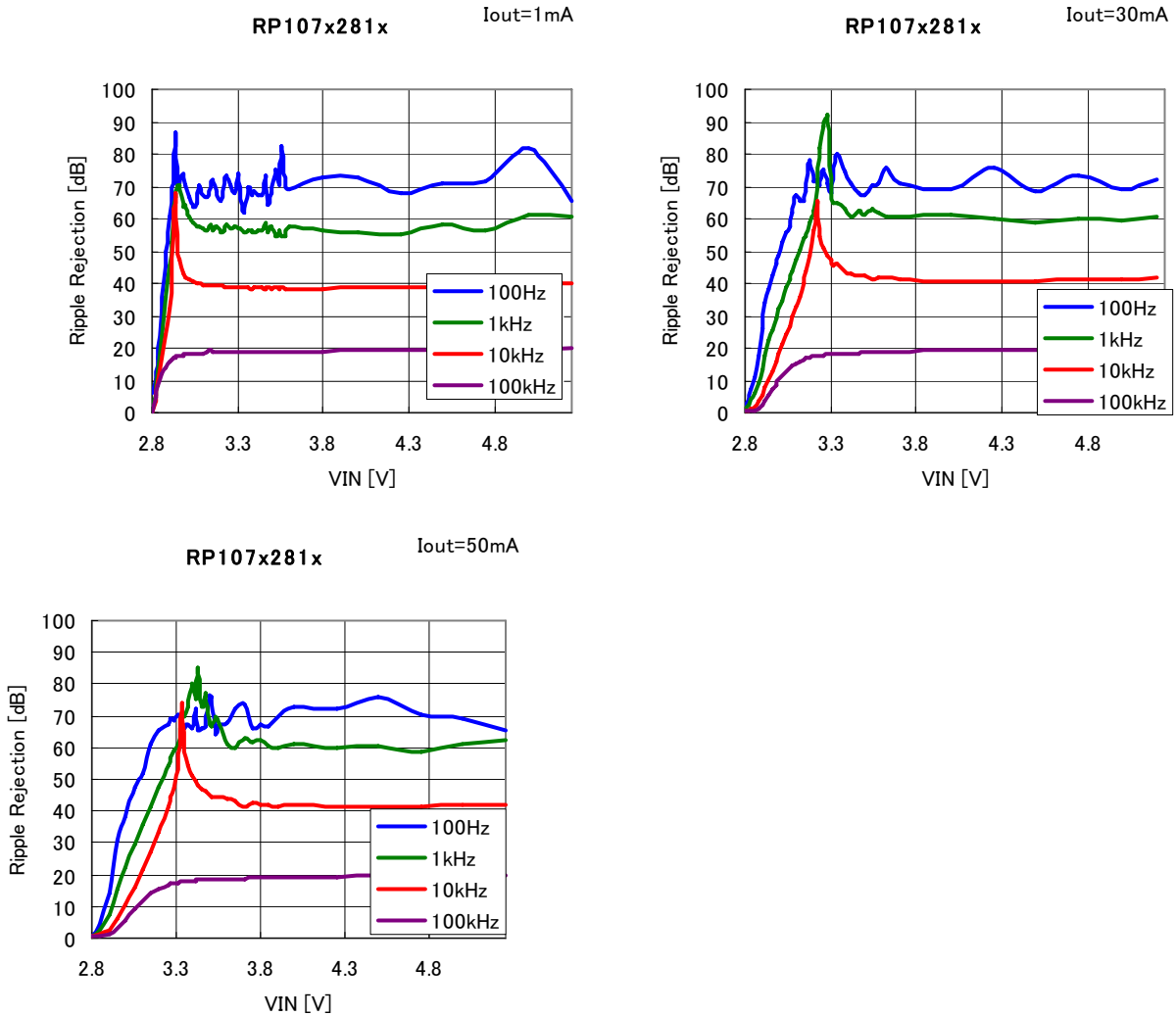
Vin=5.2V+0.2Vp-p

RP107x421x

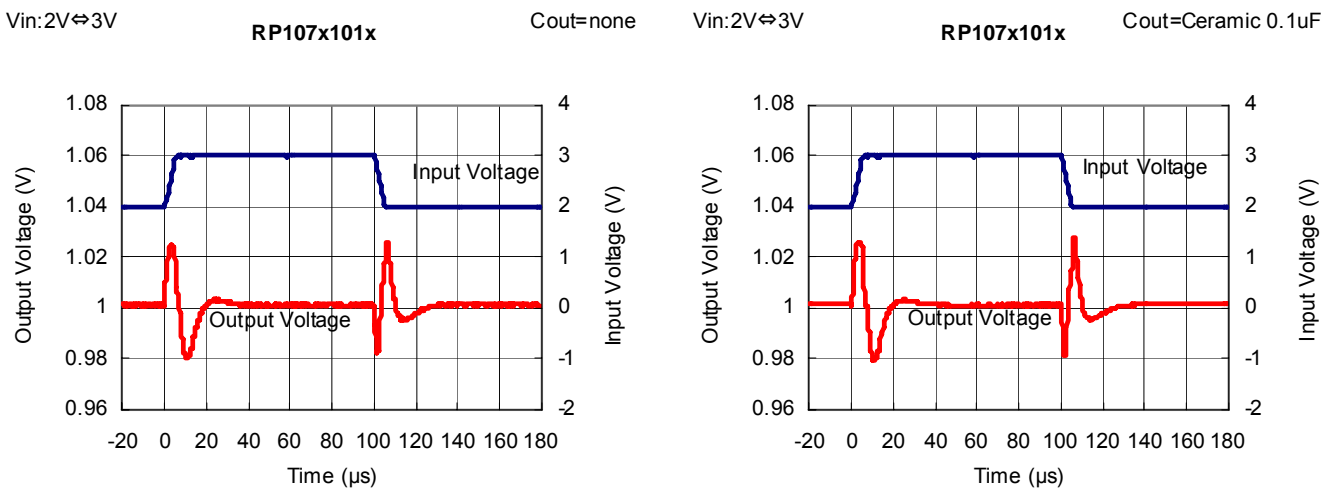
Cout=0.1uF



10) Ripple Rejection vs Input Bias ($V_{p-p}=0.2V$, $C_{out}=0.1\mu F$, $T_a=25^\circ C$)



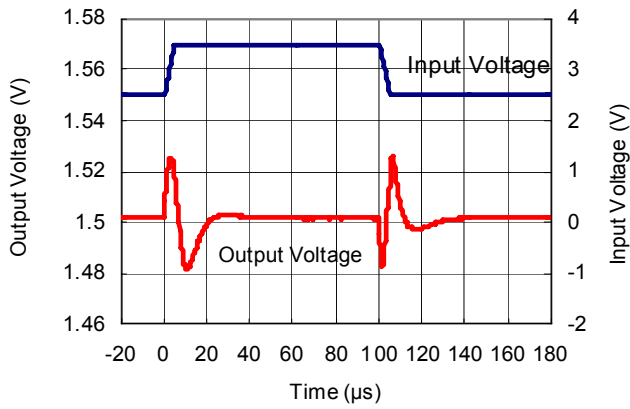
11) Line Transient Response ($I_{out}=30mA$, $t_r=t_f=5\mu s$, $C_{in}=none$, $T_a=25^\circ C$)



Vin:2.5V⇔3.5V

RP107x151x

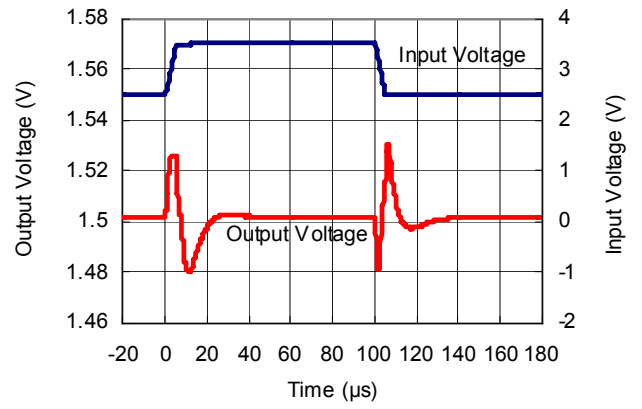
Cout=None



Vin:2.5V⇔3.5V

RP107x151x

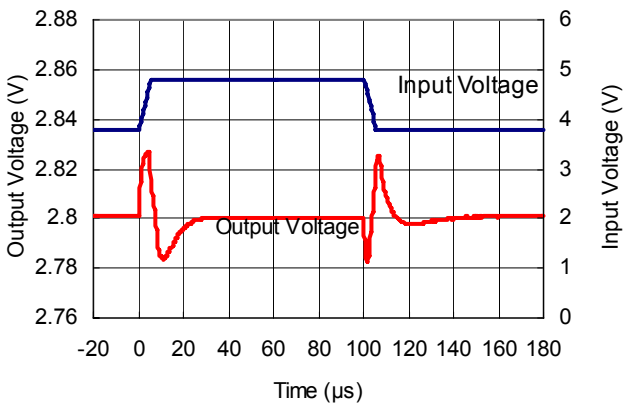
Cout=Ceramic 0.1µF



Vin:3.8V⇔4.8V

RP107x281x

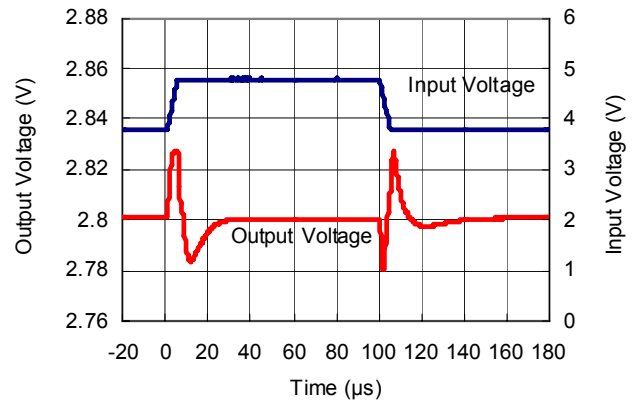
Cout=None



Vin:3.8V⇔4.8V

RP107x281x

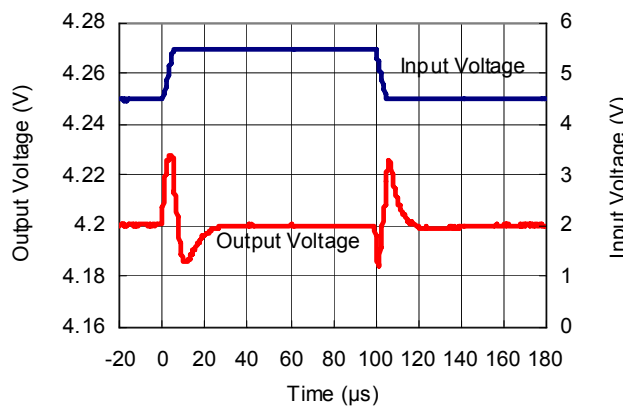
Cout=Ceramic 0.1µF



Vin:4.5V⇔5.5V

RP107x421x

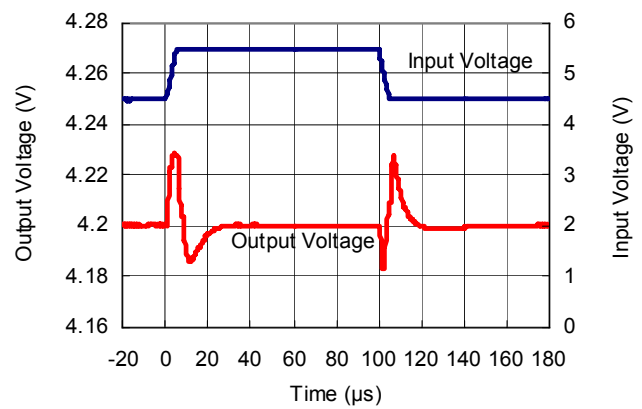
Cout=None



Vin:4.5V⇔5.5V

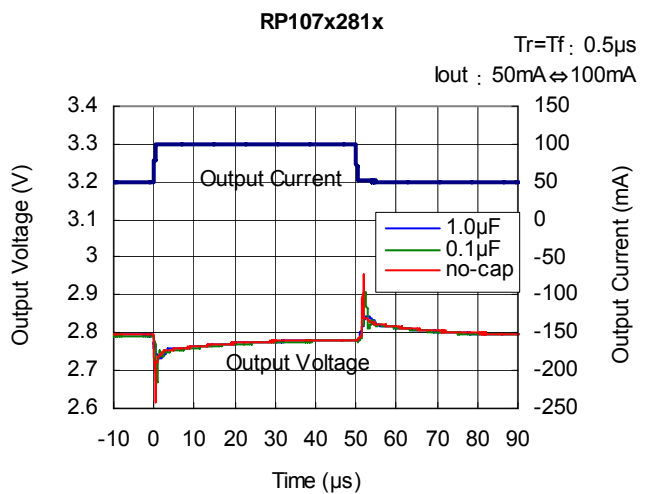
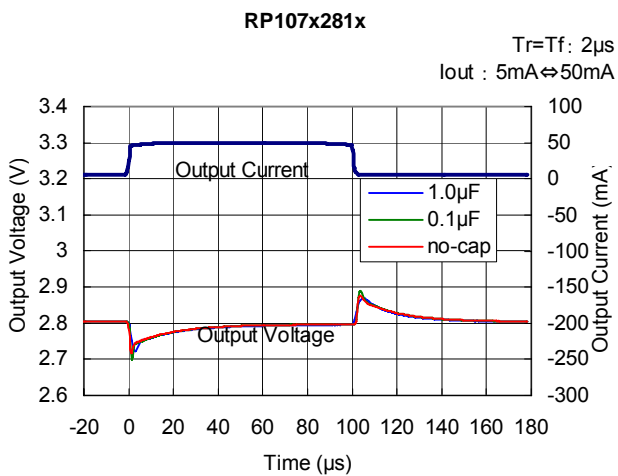
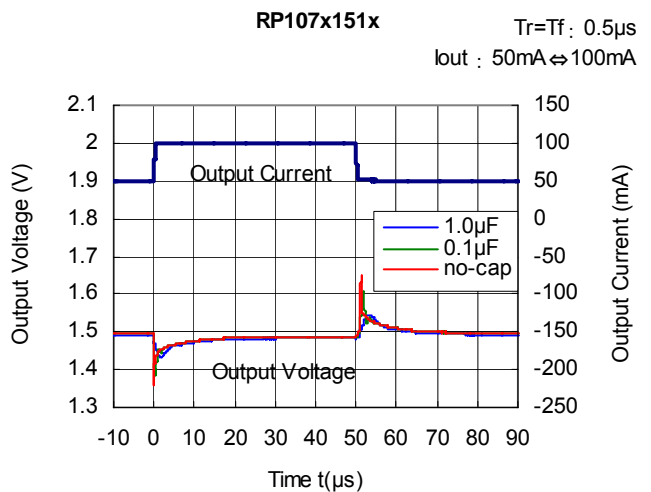
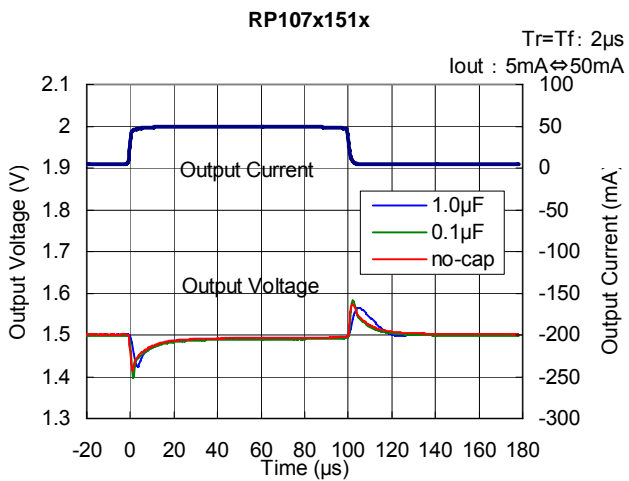
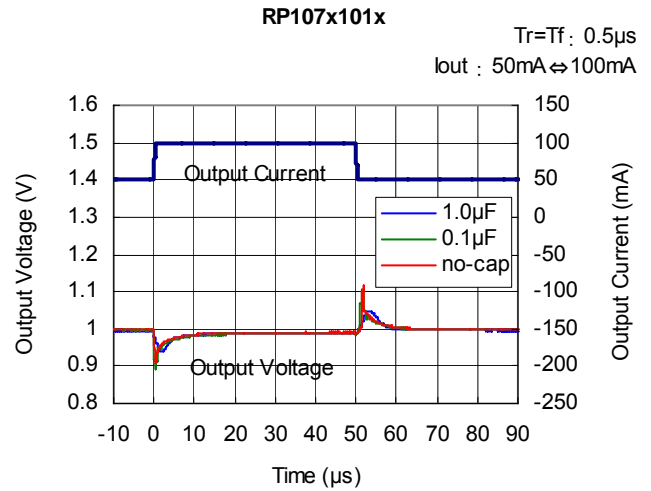
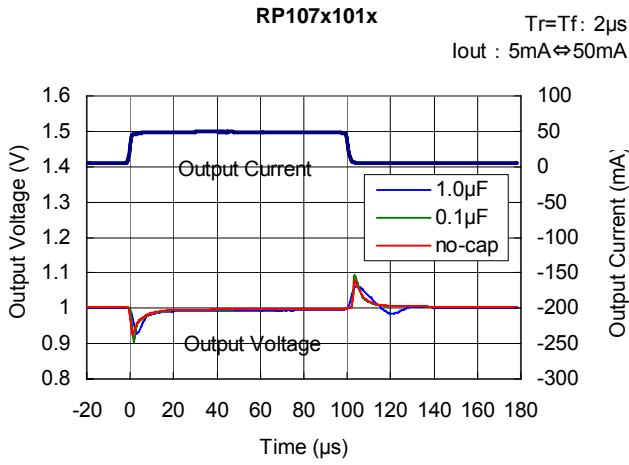
RP107x421x

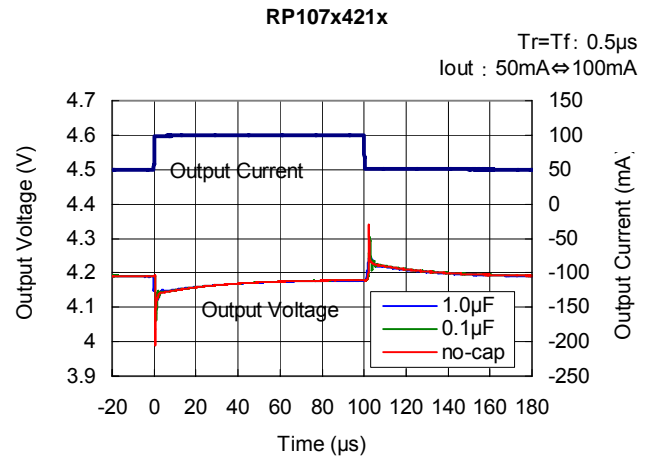
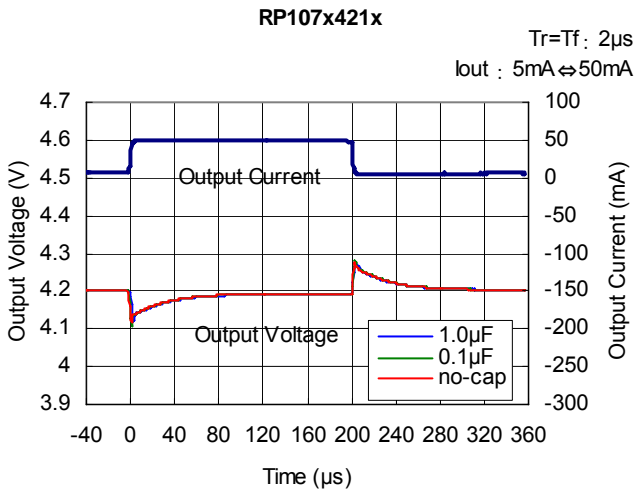
Cout=Ceramic 0.1µF



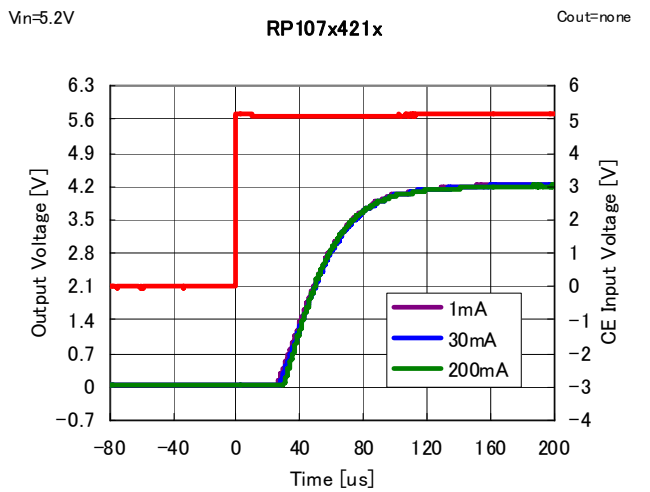
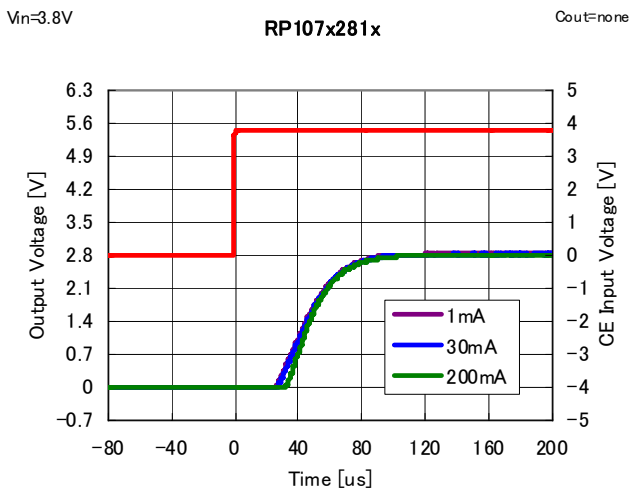
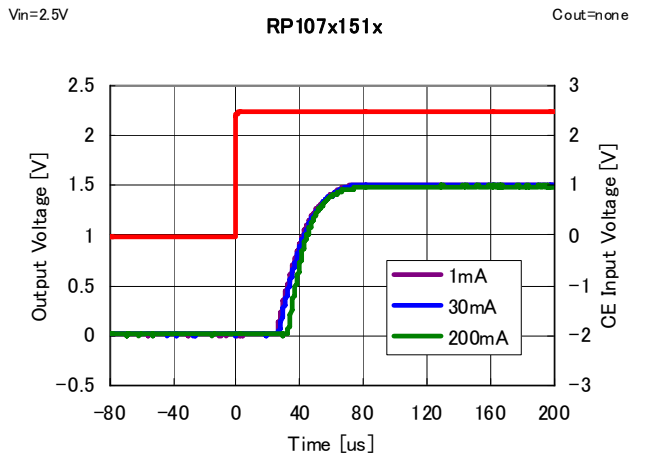
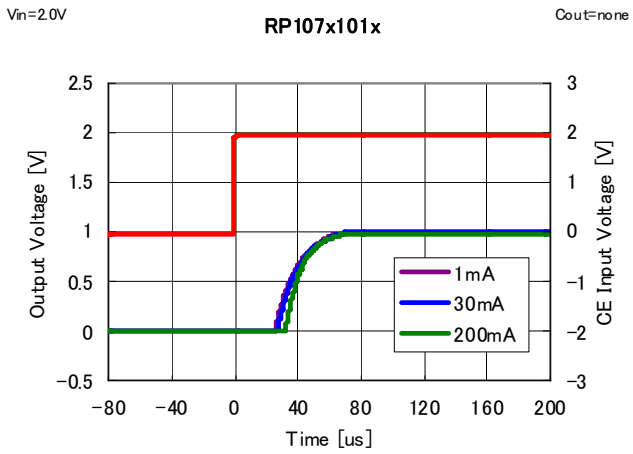
RP107x

12) Load Transient Response (Cin=0.1uF, Tr=Tf=0.5us, Ta=25°C)

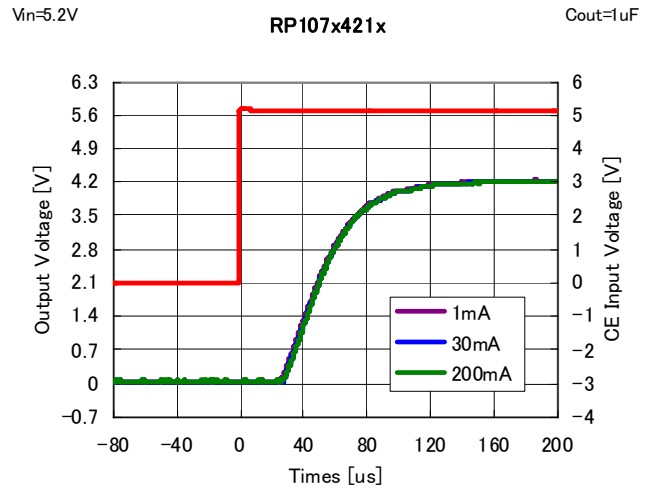
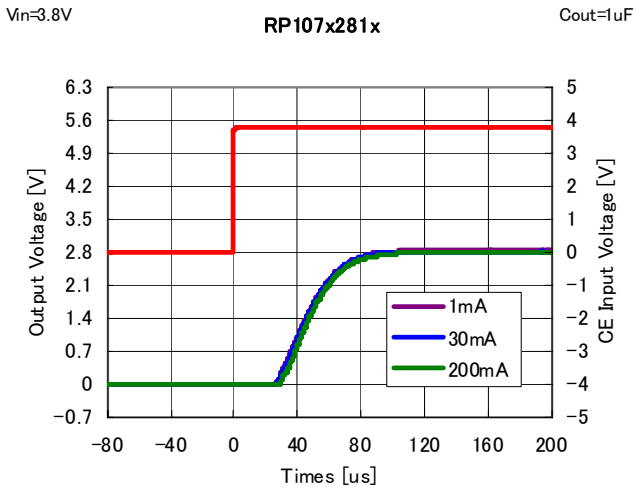
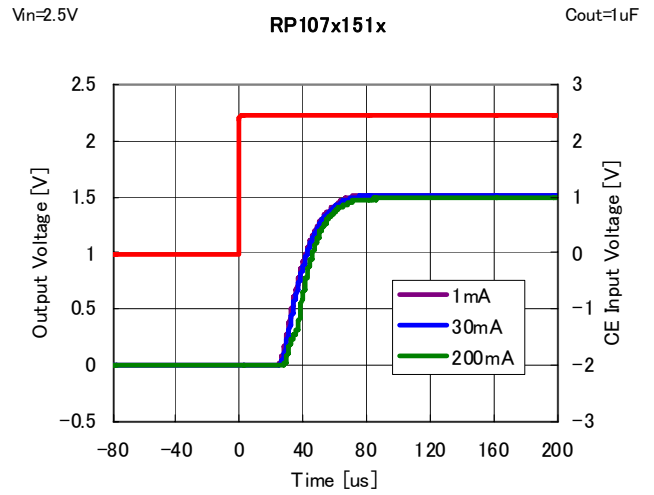
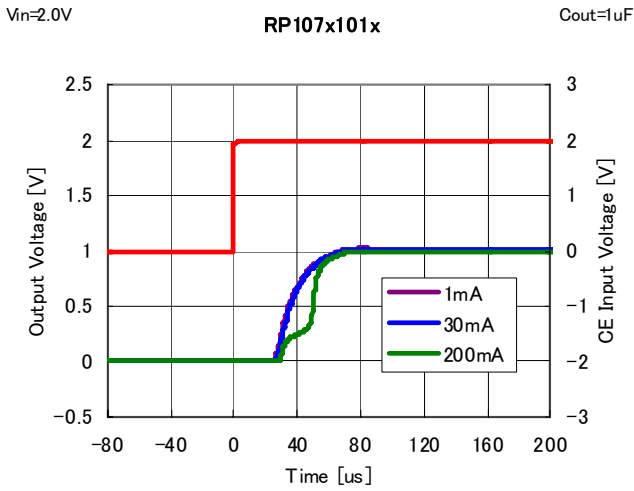




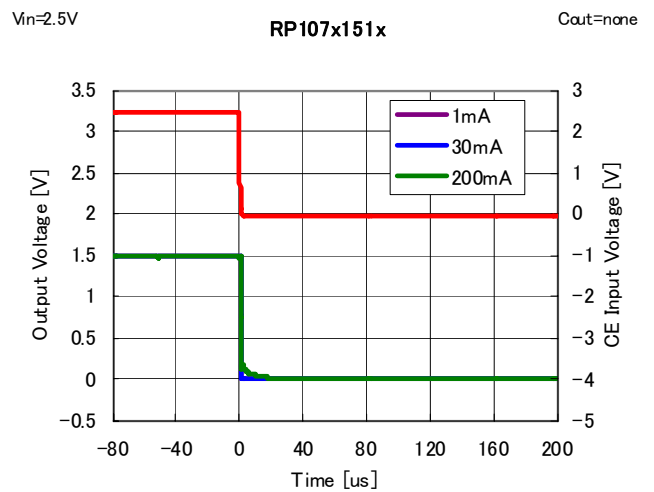
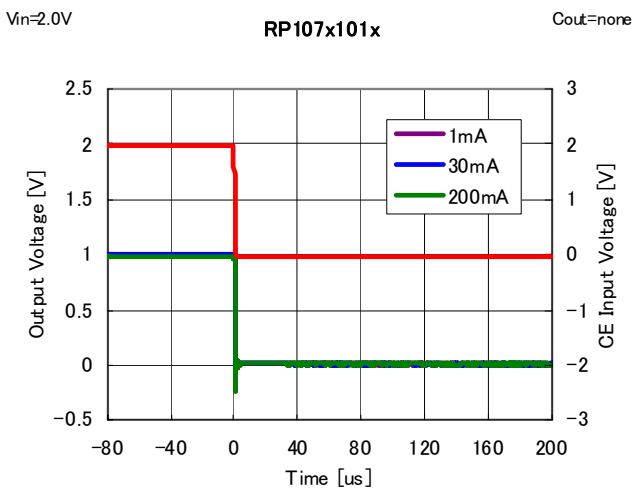
13) Turn On Speed with CE pin ($C_{in}=0.1\mu F, T_a=25^\circ C$)

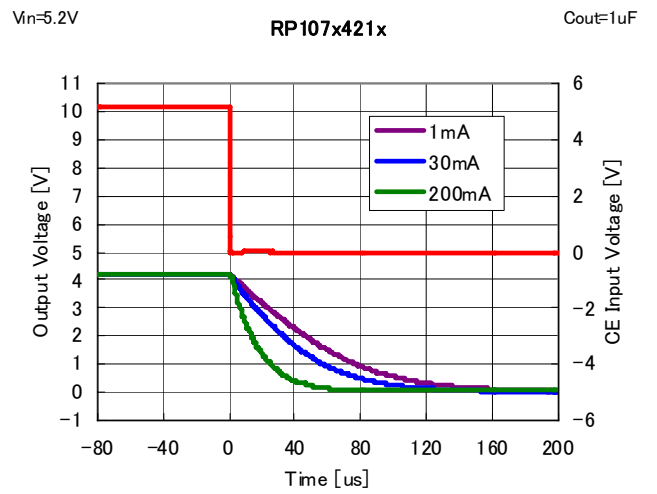
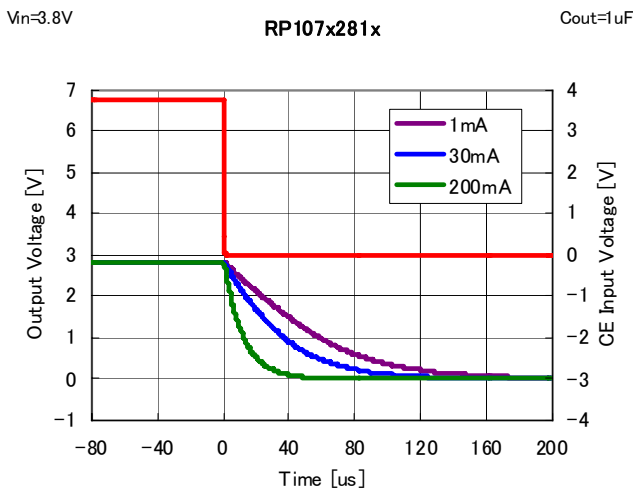
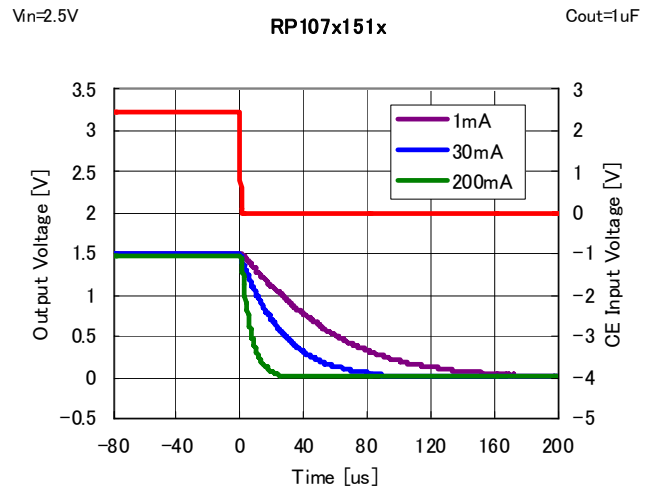
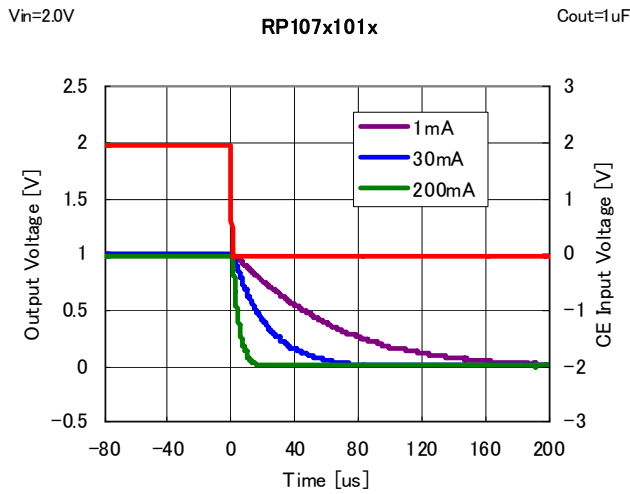
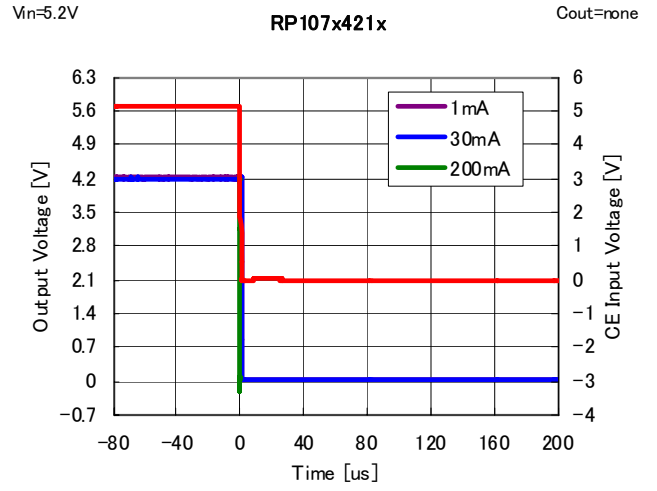
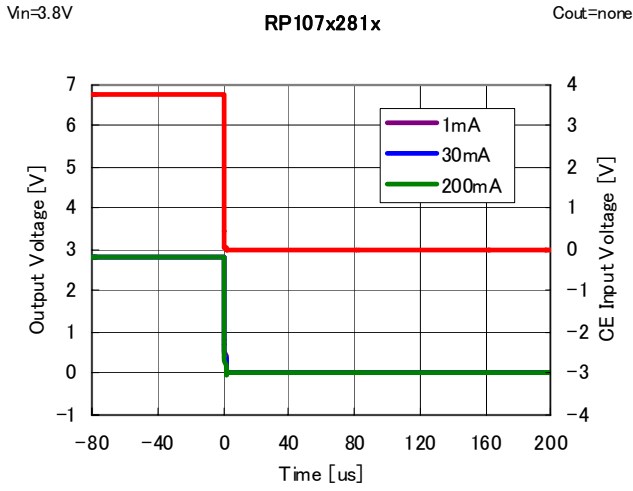


RP107x



14) Turn Off Speed with CE pin (D Version) ($C_{in}=0.1\mu F$, $T_a=25^\circ C$)

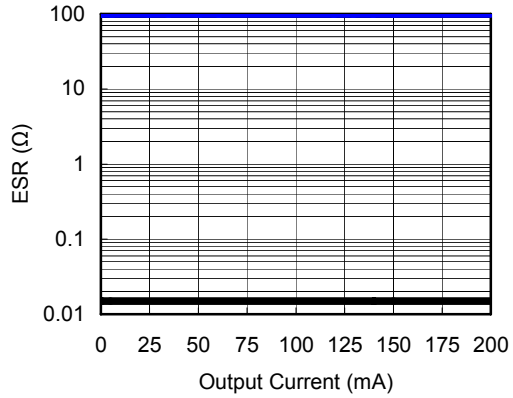




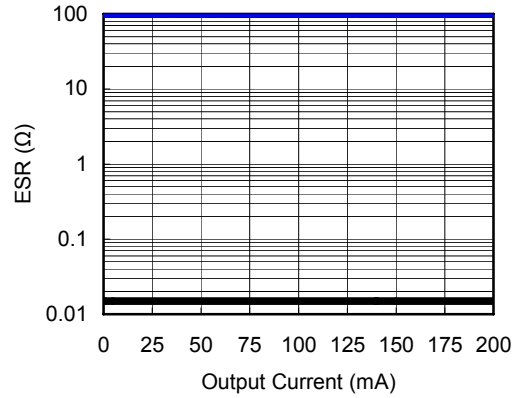
RP107x

15) ESR vs. I_{out} (C_{in}=0.1uF, C_{out}=0.1uF)

RP107x101x T_a=-40~85°C
V_{in}=1.0V~5.25V



RP107x281x T_a=-40~85°C
V_{in}=1.0V~5.25V



RP107x421x T_a=-40~85°C
V_{in}=1.0V~5.25V

